

M. Sc End Semester Examination- IV, 2020

PHYSICS

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 hours

PAPER- PHS-402

Use separate scripts for Group A & Group B

Group : A: PHS 402.1 : Nuclear Physics II

Answer any One of the following questions

[Marks : 20]

Instruction:

The questions are of equal value for any paper. Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words (limit: 250 words) as far as practicable.

- Q1. Explain direct and compound nuclear reactions? What is time reversible mechanism?
- Q2. Write down the Messon theory of nuclear force. What do you mean by moderating ratio? Write its significances.
- Q3. What do you mean by thermal neutrons? Calculate average log decrement of energy per collision.
- Q4. Write the basic assumption of liquid drop model of a nucleus. Write down the semi-empirical mass formula and explain the terms.
- Q5. What is magic numbers? Write an example of semi-magic and double magic numbers. Write short note on shell model.
- Q6. State continuum theory of nuclear reaction. Derive and discuss the four factor formula for nuclear reactor.
Classify neutron according to energy scale.

Group : B: PHS 402.1 : Quantum Field Theory

Answer any One of the following questions

[Marks : 20]

Instruction:

The questions are of equal value for any paper. Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words (limit: 250 words) as far as practicable.

Q1. Consider Dirac field with Lagrangian density $\mathcal{L} = \bar{\Psi}(i\gamma^\mu \partial_\mu - m)\Psi$.

- a) Write down the expression for Dirac field in terms of creation and annihilation operators in Fourier integral form.
- b) Obtain an expression for Hamiltonian of the corresponding field in terms of creation and annihilation operators for particles and antiparticles.

Q2. The Euler -Lagrange equation for A_μ should give the Maxwell equation $\partial_\mu F^{\mu\nu} = j^\nu$ for the

Lagrangian density

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + [(\partial_\mu - iqA_\mu)\phi^\dagger][(\partial_\mu + iqA_\mu)\phi] - m^2\phi^\dagger\phi - V(\phi^\dagger\phi).$$

Q3. a) Consider the complex scalar field $\mathcal{L} = (\partial_\mu\phi)^\dagger(\partial^\mu\phi) - m^2\phi^\dagger\phi - V(\phi^\dagger\phi)$. Show that the Lagrangian is invariant under internal symmetry transformation

$$\phi \rightarrow e^{-iq\epsilon}\phi, \phi^\dagger \rightarrow \phi^\dagger e^{iq\epsilon}.$$

- b) Use Noether's theorem to find the corresponding conserved current j^μ .

Q4. a) Find the stress energy tensor for the e.m. field $\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}F^{\mu\nu}F_{\mu\nu}$.

- b) Find Wick's theorem for two fermionic operators $\psi(x)$ and $\psi'(x')$.

Q5. Draw the feynman diagram for pair annihilation $e^+ + e^- \rightarrow \gamma + \gamma$. Compute the amplitude \mathcal{M} assuming the electron and positron are at rest and in the singlet spin configuration.

Also justify for taking singlet spin configuration only.

Q6. Consider a massive vector field given by Proca Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2}M^2 A^\mu A_\mu - A_\mu j^\mu.$$

Find the equation of motion. Show that the propagator $D_{\mu\nu}(k) = \frac{1}{k^2 - M^2} \left(-g_{\mu\nu} + \frac{k_\mu k_\nu}{M^2} \right)$.